

Name _____



REVIEW 3

Lessons 6-7

A. VOCABULARY—ARTICLES V-VII AND THE BILL OF RIGHTS

(1) In the space after each question, write the correct word or phrase *and* where it can be found in the Constitution.

1. This term means an amendment has been approved by a state.

2. A citizen can be tried for the same crime twice. _____
3. Iowa agrees to return a suspect to Ohio for trial. _____
4. This is another term for housing troops. _____
5. These rights are guaranteed by the government. _____
6. A suspect can pay this to guarantee he or she will return for trial.

7. Slander that is published is called this. _____
8. The police must show this to obtain a search warrant. _____
9. This group indicts people for major crimes. _____
10. This protects citizens' rights during legal proceedings. _____
11. This allows police to search private homes. _____
12. This is saying a lie that is meant to harm another person's reputation.

13. The government takes a farm so it can build a highway. _____

B. CRITICAL THINKING

1. Give three examples from Articles IV, V, or VI that show that the national government has power over the states.

2. Why did the framers think it was necessary to give the national government power over the states?

C. FACTS AND IDEAS

On the line to the left of each term or power, write the letter that corresponds to the correct portion of Articles IV to VII or the Bill of Rights.

TERM or POWER

ARTICLE/AMENDMENT

- | | |
|---|---------------------------|
| _____ 1. Powers not given the federal government are reserved to the states or the people. | A. Art. IV, Sec. 1 |
| _____ 2. Visitors to a state have the same rights as state citizens. | B. Art. IV, Sec. 2, Cl. 1 |
| _____ 3. Unreasonable searches and seizures are prohibited. | C. Art. IV, Sec. 2, Cl. 2 |
| _____ 4. Congress is given the power to create new states. | D. Art. IV, Sec. 3, Cl. 1 |
| _____ 5. Freedom of the press is guaranteed. | E. Art. IV, Sec. 3, Cl. 2 |
| _____ 6. The federal government will protect states from invasion. | F. Art. IV, Sec. 4 |
| _____ 7. Three-fourths of the states must ratify an amendment. | G. Article V |
| _____ 8. Jury trials are guaranteed for civil suits involving more than twenty dollars. | H. Art. VI, Sec. 2 |
| _____ 9. The Constitution is the supreme law of the land. | I. Art. VI, Sec. 3 |
| _____ 10. Cruel and unusual punishments are forbidden. | J. Article VII |
| _____ 11. Congress can sell federal lands. | K. Amendment 1 |
| _____ 12. Each state must honor the laws of the other states. | L. Amendment 2 |
| _____ 13. Federal officials must swear to uphold the Constitution. | M. Amendment 3 |
| _____ 14. Extradition is authorized. | N. Amendment 4 |
| _____ 15. People have the right to confront their accusers. | O. Amendment 5 |
| _____ 16. The right to bear arms is guaranteed. | P. Amendment 6 |
| _____ 17. Quartering troops in private homes is forbidden during peacetime. | Q. Amendment 7 |
| _____ 18. People cannot be forced to testify against themselves. | R. Amendment 8 |
| _____ 19. Nine states needed to ratify the Constitution to make it legal. | S. Amendment 9 |
| _____ 20. The powers listed in the Constitution are not the only rights guaranteed to the people. | T. Amendment 10 |